

Business A buys an item at a price of \$175 for 50 units. The business pays a shipping company \$0.49 per item to transport the items to its store. The retail price is \$4.99 per each unit.

If Business A needs to make at least a \$1500 profit to meet its goal, how could you set up an inequality to represent this situation?



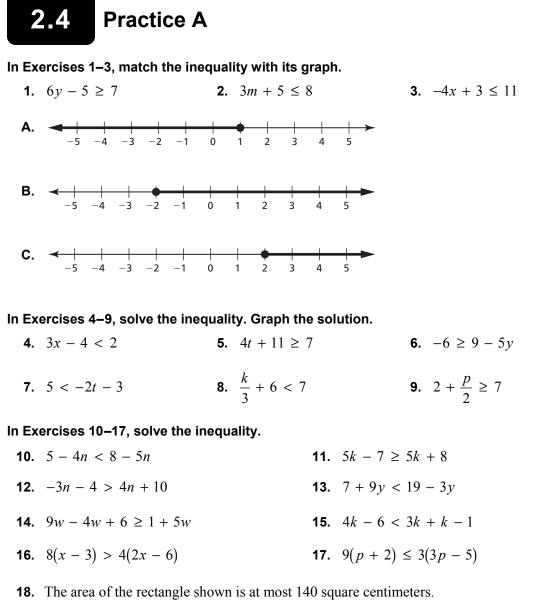
Solve the equation.

- **1.** 13v 9v 15 = 77 **2.** 8c + 7 + 3c = -15
- **3.** 3(z-6) = 30 **4.** 8 4(2m-2) = 24
- **5.** -3(7g + 2) = 36 **6.** -5h 3(10 + h) = -6

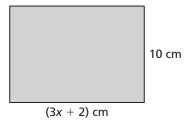
## 2.4 Cumulative Review Warm Up

Solve the literal equation for y.

- **1.** 2y + 2x = 14**2.** y + 19x = -27**3.** 10x + y = 47**4.** 3x + 6 = 6 5y
- **5.**  $1 \frac{2}{5}y = 4x 3$ **6.** 2y = 3x - 9x



- **a.** Write and solve an inequality to find the possible values of *x*.
- b. Based on the answer in part (a), is it possible for the rectangle to have a length of 15 centimeters? Explain.



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# 2.4 Practice B

In Exercises 1–3, match the inequality with its graph.

In Exercises 4–9, solve the inequality. Graph the solution.

 4. 6 < -5t - 4 5.  $\frac{m}{4} + 2 < 3$  6.  $5 + \frac{k}{-2} \ge 2$  

 7.  $\frac{d}{-6} + 7 < 11$  8. 4 < -2(y + 3) 9.  $24 \ge 6(w - 2)$ 

In Exercises 10–15, solve the inequality.

- **10.** -5n 4 > 7n + 20**11.** 4k 6 < 3k + k 1**12.**  $10h 3h + 6 \ge 11 + 7h$ **13.**  $6(t 1) \le 2(3t 5)$ **14.** 12(x 2) > 3(4x 8)**15.**  $6\left(\frac{1}{3}d + 4\right) > 2(d + 12)$
- **16.** You must maintain a minimum balance of \$50 in your checking account. You currently have a balance of \$280.
  - **a.** Write and solve an inequality that represents how many \$20 bills you can withdraw from the account without going below the minimum balance.
  - b. Your bank charges an ATM fee of \$2.50, which is charged each time you withdraw \$20. Write and solve an inequality that represents how many \$20 bills you can withdraw from the account without going below the minimum balance in this situation.

# 2.4 Enrichment and Extension

## **Methods of Describing Sets**

*Set-builder notation* and *interval notation* are both mathematical shorthands that describe a set of numbers. They are frequently used in higher mathematics and are very useful. Set-builder notation is a quick way to state all the numbers and properties of a specific set, while interval notation is a representation of an interval as a set of numbers.

**Example:** Write the inequalities in interval notation and set-builder notation: x < 0 or  $3 \le x < 7$ .

| Set-builder notation                            | Interval notation   |  |
|---|---|--|
| $\mathbb{R}$ stands for all real numbers.       | ( Represents "not included" or "open."                    |  |
| $\mathbb{Z}$ stands for integers.               | [ Represents "included" or "closed."                      |  |
| ∈ stands for "is an element of."                | $\infty$ Is always expressed as "not included."           |  |
| stands for "such that."                         | $\bigcup$ Stand for "union" which replaces the word "or." |  |
| $x < 0$ or $3 \le x < 7$ is written as          | $x < 0$ or $3 \le x < 7$ is written as                    |  |
| $\{x \in \mathbb{R} \mid x < 0, 3 \le x < 7\}.$ | $(-\infty, 0) \cup [3, 7).$                               |  |

Express the inequality or inequalities in both set-builder notation and interval notation. Then, if not graphed, graph each on a number line.

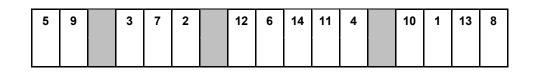


### Where Do Young Tigers Swim?

Write the letter of each answer in the box containing the exercise number.

#### Solve the inequality.

| 1.  | 4x - 7 < 9   | <b>2.</b> $-11 > 10 - 7x$            | Answers                    |
|-----|--|--------------------------------------|----------------------------|
| •   | <i>x</i>   | X . 10 > 14                          | <b>N.</b> all real numbers |
| 3.  | $\frac{x}{6} + 5 > 8$  | <b>4.</b> $-\frac{x}{2} + 12 \ge 14$ | <b>K.</b> $x \ge 7$        |
| 5.  | 6x - 23 > 25   | <b>6.</b> $6 - \frac{x}{5} \ge -2$   | <b>P.</b> <i>x</i> < 8     |
| 7   | $3 \geq -3(x-13)$  | <b>8.</b> $16 - 4x > 9 - 5x$         | <b>E.</b> <i>x</i> > 3     |
|     |  |                                      | <b>O.</b> <i>x</i> < 4     |
| 9.  | $2x + 7 \le 2x + 8$  | <b>10.</b> $-6(x-1) < -14(x-5)$      | <b>I.</b> $x > 8$          |
| 11. | $.  12x + 4x - 11 \ge 16x + 17$  |                                      | <b>O.</b> $x \ge 40$       |
| 12. | $3(1-x) + 10x \le 9(x-2) + 7$  |                                      | <b>Y.</b> $x \le -4$       |
| 13. | The students in charge of  | <b>T.</b> $x > 4$                    |                            |
|     | to earn \$3 for every item to make the items. Solve t  | L. $x > -7$                          |                            |
|     | represents how many item least \$65.   | <b>T.</b> no solution                |                            |
| 14. | A triangle has a base of 14 centimeters and a height of $(3x - 4)$ centimeters. The area of the triangle is greater than 56 centimeters. |                                      | <b>H.</b> $x \ge 12$       |
|     |  |                                      | <b>I.</b> $x \le 40$       |
|     | Solve the inequality $\frac{1}{2}(14)(3x - 4) > 56$ to find the possible   |                                      | <b>T.</b> <i>x</i> > 18    |
|     | values of <i>x</i> .   | l                                    |                            |



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