

9.1 Start Thinking

Simplify $\sqrt{360}$ using the steps below.

Step 1 Make a list of factors of 360.

Step 2 Find the greatest perfect square factor.

Step 3 Rewrite the radical as the product of the perfect square factor and its pair.

Step 4 Separate the product as two radicals.

Step 5 Simplify the square root radical.

Step 6 Write the answer as the product of a whole number and a radical.

9.1 Warm Up

Simplify.

1. $\sqrt{16}$

2. $\sqrt{64}$

3. $\sqrt{225}$

4. $\sqrt{2025}$

5. $\sqrt{57,600}$

6. $\sqrt{36}$

7. $\sqrt{400}$

8. $\sqrt{4}$

9. $\sqrt{3600}$

9.1 Cumulative Review Warm Up

Determine whether the function represents *exponential growth* or *exponential decay*. Identify the percent rate of change.

1. $y = 5(0.7)^t$

2. $y = 49(1.04)^t$

3. $r(t) = 0.5(0.95)^t$

4. $g(t) = 3\left(\frac{4}{5}\right)^t$

9.1 Practice A

In Exercises 1–9, simplify the expression.

1. $\sqrt{50}$

2. $\sqrt{68}$

3. $-\sqrt{98}$

4. $\sqrt{\frac{9}{25}}$

5. $-\sqrt{\frac{3}{64}}$

6. $-\sqrt{\frac{x^2}{4}}$

7. $\sqrt[3]{24}$

8. $\sqrt[3]{-250}$

9. $-\sqrt[3]{128x^4}$

10. Describe and correct the error in simplifying the expression.

$\times \sqrt[3]{16} = 4$

In Exercises 11–13, write a factor that you can use to rationalize the denominator of the expression.

11. $\frac{3}{\sqrt{5}}$

12. $\frac{1}{\sqrt{7n}}$

13. $\frac{5}{\sqrt[3]{9}}$

In Exercises 14–22, simplify the expression.

14. $\frac{3}{\sqrt{3}}$

15. $\frac{9}{\sqrt{5}}$

16. $\frac{\sqrt{3}}{\sqrt{50}}$

17. $\frac{4}{\sqrt{w}}$

18. $\frac{1}{\sqrt{5t}}$

19. $\sqrt{\frac{2z^2}{7}}$

20. $\frac{1}{\sqrt{6} - 1}$

21. $\frac{3}{4 + \sqrt{2}}$

22. $\frac{\sqrt{3}}{5 - \sqrt{2}}$

23. The average annual interest rate r (in decimal form) of a savings account is represented by the formula $r = \sqrt{\frac{V_2}{V_0}} - 1$, where V_0 is the initial investment and V_2 is the balance of the account after 2 years. Find the average annual interest rate r of a savings account with an initial investment of \$400 and a balance of \$422 after 2 years.

9.1 Practice B

In Exercises 1–9, simplify the expression.

1. $\sqrt{54}$

2. $\sqrt{25y^2}$

3. $-\sqrt{18n^3}$

4. $\sqrt{\frac{29}{100}}$

5. $\sqrt{\frac{p^3}{49}}$

6. $\sqrt{\frac{36}{9x^2}}$

7. $\sqrt[3]{32q^2}$

8. $\sqrt[3]{\frac{9d}{-8}}$

9. $-\sqrt[3]{\frac{60x^2}{729y^3}}$

10. Describe and correct the error in simplifying the expression.

$$\begin{array}{l} \times \sqrt{\frac{30}{25}} = \sqrt{\frac{6}{5}} \\ = \frac{\sqrt{6}}{\sqrt{5}} \end{array}$$

In Exercises 11–13, write a factor that you can use to rationalize the denominator of the expression.

11. $\frac{2}{\sqrt{7y}}$

12. $\frac{8}{\sqrt[3]{k^2}}$

13. $\frac{2}{3 - \sqrt{6}}$

In Exercises 14–22, simplify the expression.

14. $\frac{4}{\sqrt{3}}$

15. $\frac{\sqrt{2}}{\sqrt{45}}$

16. $\frac{1}{\sqrt{6t}}$

17. $\sqrt{\frac{5h^2}{7}}$

18. $\frac{\sqrt{27}}{\sqrt{2d^3}}$

19. $\frac{25}{\sqrt[3]{4}}$

20. $\frac{5}{7 - \sqrt{2}}$

21. $\frac{\sqrt{3}}{8 + \sqrt{7}}$

22. $\frac{\sqrt{5}}{\sqrt{5} - \sqrt{7}}$

23. Use the special product pattern $(a - b)(a^2 + ab + b^2) = a^3 - b^3$ to simplify the expression $\frac{3}{\sqrt[3]{x} - 1}$.

9.1 Enrichment and Extension

Simplify Radicals With Imaginary Numbers

Think about the equation $x^2 = -1$ and notice that there is nothing that can make the equation true while using real numbers. It is not possible to substitute any real number for x that will yield a solution of -1 . This is where imaginary numbers come in. Use the definition $i = \sqrt{-1}$ when simplifying radicals of negative numbers.

Example: Simplify $\sqrt{-120x^2y^3}$.

$$\sqrt{-120x^2y^3} = \sqrt{-1 \cdot 4 \cdot 30 \cdot x^2 \cdot y^2 \cdot y} = 2ixy\sqrt{30y}$$

Simplify the expression using the definition $i = \sqrt{-1}$.

1. $\sqrt{-80}$

2. $\sqrt{-50xy^2}$

3. $\sqrt{-216}$

4. $\sqrt{-32w^2z^4}$

5. $\sqrt{-175pqr^6}$

6. $\sqrt{-22x^3}$

7. $\frac{\sqrt{-15}}{\sqrt{3}}$

8. $\frac{2\sqrt{-21}}{\sqrt{7}}$

9. $\frac{\sqrt{-2}}{\sqrt{5}}$

10. $\sqrt{-8} \cdot \sqrt{5}$

11. $\sqrt{3} \cdot \sqrt{-27}$

12. $\sqrt{-2xy} \cdot \sqrt{30x^2y}$

13. $\frac{-3\sqrt{-20}}{2\sqrt{8}}$

14. $\frac{3}{\sqrt{-2}}$

15. $\frac{-\sqrt{-12xy^3}}{\sqrt{6x^3y}}$



Puzzle Time

What Do You Say When You Get Off A Boat?

Write the letter of each answer in the box containing the exercise number.

Simplify the expression.

1. $\sqrt{28}$

2. $-\sqrt{75}$

3. $\sqrt{63x^3}$

4. $-\sqrt{\frac{36x^2}{121}}$

5. $\sqrt{\frac{x^5}{64}}$

6. $\sqrt[3]{-54}$

7. $-\sqrt[3]{\frac{125x^2}{343y^3}}$

8. $\sqrt[3]{\frac{729}{-1000x^3y^6}}$

9. $\frac{6}{\sqrt{11}}$

10. $\sqrt{\frac{8}{28}}$

11. $\frac{\sqrt{12}}{\sqrt{5x^3}}$

12. $\frac{2}{\sqrt{13} + 1}$

13. $\frac{\sqrt{7}}{9 + \sqrt{7}}$

14. $\sqrt{2} - 3\sqrt{17} + 7\sqrt{2}$

15. $8\sqrt{24} - 6\sqrt{54}$

16. $(\sqrt{10} + \sqrt{40})(\sqrt{50} - \sqrt{18})$

17. The length of the board for a shelf is $(\sqrt{27} + \sqrt{3})$ feet.

The width of the board is $2\sqrt{2}$ feet. Find the area of the board.

Answers

U. $\frac{5\sqrt[3]{x^2}}{7y}$

R. $3x\sqrt{7x}$

N. $\frac{x^2\sqrt{x}}{8}$

M. $\frac{9}{10xy^2}$

T. $8\sqrt{6}$

Y. $\frac{6\sqrt{11}}{11}$

C. $\frac{-1 + \sqrt{13}}{6}$

H. $-2\sqrt{6}$

O. $-5\sqrt{3}$

E. $2\sqrt{7}$

H. $12\sqrt{5}$

A. $\frac{-7 + 9\sqrt{7}}{74}$

F. $8\sqrt{2} - 3\sqrt{17}$

R. $-3\sqrt[3]{2}$

K. $\frac{\sqrt{14}}{7}$

Y. $\frac{2\sqrt{15x}}{5x^2}$

U. $\frac{6x}{11}$

17	15	13	5	10		11	2	7		14	1	6	3	9		8	4	12	16
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