# 1.3 Start Thinking

Many cities are set up like a coordinate plane with the origin at the center of the city, or where two important streets intersect.

Suppose you have a building located at (-3, 4) and a second building located at (2, 3). How can you find the distance between the two buildings if each unit is the length of a block?



### Find the slope.





4.	x	-5	-1	5	7
	у	-3	-1	2	3

## 1.3 Cumu

## **Cumulative Review Warm Up**

Find the missing angle measure.



**14** Geometry Resources by Chapter





In Exercises 1 and 2, identify the segment bisector of  $\overline{AB}$ . Then find AB.



In Exercises 3 and 4, identify the segment bisector of  $\overline{ST}$ . Then find ST.



In Exercises 5 and 6, copy the segment and construct a segment bisector by paper folding. Then label the midpoint *M*.



In Exercises 7 and 8, the endpoints of  $\overline{JK}$  are given. Find the coordinates of the midpoint *M*.

**7.** J(-3, 2) and K(9, 2)**8.** J(1, 3) and K(7, 5)

In Exercises 9 and 10, the midpoint *M* and one endpoint of  $\overline{AB}$  are given. Find the coordinates of the other endpoint.

**9.** M(2, 5) and A(2, 3)**10.** M(-4, -4) and B(-1, -1)

#### In Exercises 11 and 12, find the distance between the two points.

- **11.** Q(5, 6) and P(1, 3) **12.** G(2, 5) and H(4, -1)
- **13.** A square has a side length of 4 centimeters. What is the length of the diagonal of the square? What is the length from the corner to the center of the square? Explain.
- **14.** During a soccer game, Player A is 87 feet from the goal but chooses to pass the ball to Player B who is 63 feet away from Player A. How far away is Player B from the goal?



# 3 Practice B

In Exercises 1 and 2, identify the bisector of  $\overline{ST}$ . Then find ST.



Copy the segment and construct a segment bisector by paper folding. Then label the midpoint *M*.

**3.** E

In Exercises 4 and 5, the endpoints of  $\overline{LN}$  are given. Find the coordinates of the midpoint *M*.

**4.** L(2, 1) and N(2, 13) **5.** L(-6, 0) and N(6, 6)

In Exercises 6 and 7, the midpoint *M* and one endpoint of  $\overline{CD}$  are given. Find the coordinates of the other endpoint.

6. M(1, 2) and C(-1, 4)7. M(3, 7) and D(1, 1)

#### In Exercises 8 and 9, find the distance between the two points.

**8.** A(1, 7) and B(4, 6)**9.** G(-1, -5) and H(3, -8)

- **10.** Your friend draws a square and one diagonal connecting its opposite vertices. Your friend believes that the diagonal is the same length as one side of the square. Do you agree? Explain your reasoning.
- **11.** Is it possible for a segment to have more than one bisector? Explain your reasoning.
- **12.** You walk 2 miles from your house to the park and 4.5 miles from the park to the lake. Then you return home along a straight path from the lake. How many miles do you walk from the lake back to your house? What is the total distance you walk?



## **1.3** Enrichment and Extension

### **Using the Midpoint and Distance Formulas**

- 1. Use the Midpoint Formula three times to find the three points that divide AB, with endpoints  $A(x_1, y_1)$  and  $B(x_2, y_2)$ , into four equal parts.
- 2. Given the following endpoints, find the points that divide AB into four equal parts.
  - **a.** A(-4, 2), B(0, 8)
  - **b.** A(-10, 4), B(8, 8)

**3.** What number is the midpoint between  $13 - \sqrt{27}$  and  $13 + \sqrt{27}$ ? What expression represents the midpoint between  $\frac{-b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}{2a}$  and  $\frac{-b + \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}{2a}$ ?

- 4. There are two different points on the line y = -3 that are exactly 10 units from the point (4, 3). Find the coordinates of the points.
- 5. Your friend claims that a hexagon with the vertices A(-2, 1), B(-4, 0), C(-5, -2), D(-4, -4), E(-2, -3), and F(-1, -1) is equilateral. Is your friend correct? Explain your reasoning.

## In Exercises 6–8, use the information to find the midpoint between points *A* and *B*.

In a three-dimensional coordinate system, the midpoint between  $A(x_1, y_1, z_1)$ 

and 
$$B(x_2, y_2, z_2)$$
 is  $\left(\frac{x_1 + x_2}{2}, \frac{y_1 + y_2}{2}, \frac{z_1 + z_2}{2}\right)$ .  
6.  $A(-3, 0, 4)$   
 $B(7, 2, 8)$ 
7.  $A(5, 8, -7)$   
 $B(-10, 4, 2)$ 
8.  $A(2, 10, 0)$   
 $B(5, -1, 3)$ 

#### In Exercises 9–11, use the information to find the distance between points A and B.

In a three-dimensional coordinate system, the distance between the two points

$$A(x_1, y_1, z_1) \text{ and } B(x_2, y_2, z_2) \text{ is } AB = \sqrt{(x_2 - x_1)^2 + (y_2 - y_1)^2 + (z_2 - z_1)^2}.$$
  
9.  $A(-2, 1, 2)$   
 $B(2, -3, 4)$   
10.  $A(0, 0, -2)$   
 $B(-1, 5, 7)$   
11.  $A(7, 2, -4)$   
 $B(5, 8, 3)$ 





### Why Did The Fraction Jump Into Boiling Water?

Write the letter of each answer in the box containing the exercise number.

The e midp	endpoints of <i>AB</i> are give oint <i>M</i> .	en. Fi	nd the coordinates of the								
1.	A(-1, 3), B(7, -1)	2.	$A\left(\frac{1}{2}, 4\right), B\left(3, \frac{1}{4}\right)$	1							
3.	A(4.6, -2.2), B(-2.4, 2)	4.	A(7, 10), B(5, -8)								
5.	A(-15, 10), B(20, 10)	6.	A(-15, -10), B(15, 15)								
The midpoint <i>M</i> and one endpoint <i>A</i> are given. Find the coordinates of the other endpoint.											
7.	A(2, 16)  and  M(4, 8)			,							
8.	$A(4, -2) \text{ and } M(\frac{1}{2}, 0)$										
9.	A(-3, -2) and $M(2, 6)$										
Find the distance between the two points. Round your answer to the nearest tenth.											
10.	A(-3, 0), B(2, 0)	11.	A(0, 3), B(6, 0)								
12.	A(-3, 3), B(3, -3)	13.	A(-2, -6), B(-2, -2)								
14.	A(2.5, 3.5), B(-4, 0.5)	15.	$A\left(-1\frac{1}{2}, 2\right), B\left(3, -1\frac{1}{2}\right)$	V							
16.	A(-10, -5), B(9, 14)	17.	A(7, -4), B(1, 6)								
18.	A(3, 14), B(3, 2)	19.	A(-4, 1), B(4, 1)								

Answers											
D.	$M\left(1\frac{3}{4},\ 2\frac{1}{8}\right)$	E.	<i>B</i> (7, 14)								
Α.	<i>M</i> (6, 1)	C.	8								
I.	7.6	D.	B(6, 0)								
В.	M(0, 2.5)	R.	6.7								
I.	5.7	D.	4								
V.	<i>B</i> (3, 8)	N.	<i>M</i> (3, 1)								
E.	26.9	т.	<i>M</i> (2.5, 10)								
U.	5	К.	14								
Ε.	7.2	S.	M(5, -6)								
Т.	12	N.	9.2								
E.	M(1.1, -0.1)	Т.	11.7								
W.	B(-3, 2)	О.	8.5								
М.	5.3										

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15	17	8	4	1	18	9	7		5	12	6	16	11	3	13	10	19	14	2